## 10/537,409

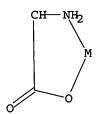
(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 19:06:49 ON 04 MAR 2007)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 19:06:57 ON 04 MAR 2007 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

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L1 HAS NO ANSWERS



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=> s l1 full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 19:07:20 FILE 'REGISTRY' FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED -94095 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 94095 ITERATIONS 17762 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L2 17762 SEA SSS FUL L1

=> fil caplus

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SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 172.10 172.31

FULL ESTIMATED COST

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=> s 12/prep 6919 L2 4368397 PREP/RL

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L3
          2510 L2/PREP
                 (L2 (L) PREP/RL)
=> s 13 and py<2002
      21881904 PY<2002
          2113 L3 AND PY<2002
=> s 14 and amino acid chelate
       1107837 AMINO
       4322568 ACID
         45252 CHELATE
           260 AMINO ACID CHELATE
                 (AMINO (W) ACID (W) CHELATE)
L5
            15 L4 AND AMINO ACID CHELATE
=> d 1-15 bib abs
1.5
     ANSWER 1 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
     2002:73201 CAPLUS
ΔN
DN
     136:340800
     Metal complexes of biologically important ligands, CXL. Half-sandwich
TI
     complexes of ruthenium(II), rhodium(III), iridium(III) and palladium(II),
     platinum(II) complexes with N,O-chelates of fluorine- and
     thiophene-containing \alpha-amino acids
AU
     Koch, Daniela; Beck, Wolfgang
     Dep. Chemie, Ludwig-Maximilians-Universitat, Munchen, D-81377, Germany
CS
     Zeitschrift fuer Naturforschung, B: Chemical Sciences (2001),
SO
     56(12), 1271-1280
     CODEN: ZNBSEN; ISSN: 0932-0776
PΒ
     Verlag der Zeitschrift fuer Naturforschung
DT
     Journal
LA
     German
OS
     CASREACT 136:340800
     (o-Fluorophenyl)glycine and -alanine or 2-thienylglycine and -alanine
AB
     react with dinuclear, chloro-bridged metal complexes to give chiral
     N,O-chelates (arene)M(Cl)(NH2CHRCO2) (M = Ru, Rh, Ir, arene = cymene, Cp*)
     and (R3P)(Cl)M(NH2CHRCO2) (M = Pd, Pt) as mixts. of diastereoisomers or
     cis/trans-isomers, resp. The complexes prepared from 2-thienylglycine were
     diastereoselective, affording diastereoisomer or cis-trans ratios of 62:38
     to 85:15.
RE.CNT 36
              THERE ARE 36 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
              ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
     ANSWER 2 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
L5
AN
     2001:262302 CAPLUS
DN
     135:76975
TI
     Metal complexes of biologically important ligands. Part CXXXIII.
     α-Amino carboxylate chelates of cyclometalated rhodium complexes
     Bohm, Andreas; Polborn, Kurt; Beck, Wolfgang
AU
     Department Chemie, Ludwig-Maximilians-Universitat, Munchen, D-81377,
CS
     Germany
SO
     Zeitschrift fuer Naturforschung, B: Chemical Sciences (2001),
     56(3), 293-296
     CODEN: ZNBSEN; ISSN: 0932-0776
PB
     Verlag der Zeitschrift fuer Naturforschung
DT
     Journal
LA
     German
OS
     CASREACT 135:76975
     The Cl-bridged complexes [(2-phenylpyridine-C,N)2RhCl]2 and
AB
     [(benzo[h]quinoline-C,N)2RhCl]2 react with the anions of alanine, valine,
     and phenylalanine to give the chiral, octahedral N,O-chelates
     L2Rh(\alpha-amino\ carboxylate) as mixts. of two diastereoisomers. The
     complex (benzo[h]quinoline-C,N)2Rh[(S)-NH2CHMeCO2-N,O] was characterized
     by x-ray diffraction. Its crystals contain two diastereoisomers in the
```

unit cell.

RE.CNT 43 THERE ARE 43 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 3 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
AN 1998:318661 CAPLUS
DN 129:75501

TI Novel trigonal-bipyramidal copper(II) complexes containing one discrete amino acid chelate: crystal structures of [Cu(L-val) (pmdt)]ClO4 and [Cu(aiba) (pmdt)]ClO4 H2O (L-val = L-valinate ion, aiba = α-aminoisobutyrate ion, and pmdt = N,N,N ',N '',N ''-pentamethyldiethylenetriamine)

AU Murakami, Tasuku; Kita, Shouichi

CS Faculty of Education, Iwate University, Morioka, 020, Japan

SO Inorganica Chimica Acta (1998), 274(2), 247-250 CODEN: ICHAA3; ISSN: 0020-1693

PB Elsevier Science S.A.

DT Journal

LA English

AB [Cu(L-val)(pmdt)]Cl04 and [Cu(aiba)(pmdt)]Cl04·H20 (L-val = L-valinate ion, aiba =  $\alpha$ -aminoisobutyrate ion, and pmdt = N,N,N ',N '',N ''-pentamethyldiethylenetriamine) mixed-ligand Cu(II) complexes were characterized by x-ray crystallog. These complexes take on a trans (Oamino acid, Ncentral of pmdt) form, and their CuN4O core geometries are approx. regular trigonal bipyramidal, which is novel for Cu(II) complexes containing a discrete amino acid chelate ring.

RE.CNT 13 THERE ARE 13 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 4 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 1996:256860 CAPLUS

DN 124:359191

TI Metal amino acid chelate

IN Hsu, Hsinhung J.

PA J.H. Biotech, Inc., USA

SO U.S., 8 pp. CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
				<del></del>
PI US 5504055	Α	19960402	US 1994-213263	19940315 <
PRAI US 1994-213263		19940315		
OS MARPAT 124:359191		•		

AB A water soluble metal amino acid chelate was prepared by adding a metal salt to deaerated water, mixing the salt solution with a mixture of an amino acid and an organic acid and adjusting the pH of the resulting composition to a range of from .apprx.4.5 to .apprx.8.5 to produce a clear solution The resultant clear solution can then be applied to plants or it

can be dried for storage. The water soluble metal amino acid chelate produced by the process, when applied to plants, results in increased metals assimilation and improved plant growth.

- L5 ANSWER 5 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- AN 1994:121269 CAPLUS
- DN 120:121269
- TI Organometallic ferroelectric liquid crystals. II. Syntheses, characterization and mesogenic properties of amino-acid chelated-palladated azine, azo and imine mononuclear complexes
- AU Huang, Dejian; Xiong, Nuyun; Yang, Jun; Wang, Shumei; Li, Guangnian; Zhang, Liangfu

- CS Chengdu Inst. Org. Chem., Acad. Sin., Chengdu, 610015, Peop. Rep. China SO Molecular Crystals and Liquid Crystals Science and Technology, Section A: Molecular Crystals and Liquid Crystals (1993), 231, 191-8 CODEN: MCLCE9; ISSN: 1058-725X
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB Six mononuclear ortho-palladated complexes containing aminoacid chelate ligands and azine or azo, imine ligands
  were synthesized and characterized by elemental anal., IR, 1H NMR and 13C
  NMR. Their thermotropic behaviors and mesogenic properties were studied.
  The relation between mesogenic properties and mol. structures of complexes
  were also discussed. As a result, 3 novel organometallic ferroelec. liquid
  crystals were found.
- L5 ANSWER 6 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- AN 1989:219070 CAPLUS
- DN 110:219070
- TI Preparation of pharmaceutical-grade amino acid chelates free of interfering anions
- IN Ashmead, Harvey Harold
- PA Albion International, Inc., USA
- SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 12 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW
- DT Patent
- LA English
- FAN.CNT 1

L'MIA'	-1V I I				
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	EP 256645	A2	19880224	EP 1987-305813	19870701 <
	EP 256645	A3	19881109		
	EP 256645	B1	19911211		
	R: AT, BE, CH,	DE, ES	, FR, GB, GR	, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE	
	US 4830716	Α	19890516	US 1986-882150	19860703 <
	US 4830716	B1	19991207		
	AT 70259	T	19911215	AT 1987-305813	19870701 <
	ES 2037715	Т3	19930701	ES 1987-305813	19870701 <
	JP 63079859	A	19880409	JP 1987-165546	19870703 <
	JP 2547026	B2	19961023		
	CA 1299812	С	19920428	CA 1987-541185	19870703 <
PRAI	US 1986-882150	Α	19860703		
	EP 1987-305813	Α	19870701		
os	MARPAT 110:219070				

- AB Pharmaceutical-grade amino acid or peptide chelates, free of interfering anions, are prepared by reacting an anion-free ligand (selected from naturally occurring amino acids, dipeptides, tripeptides, or tetrapeptides) in an aqueous reaction medium with a metal source (selected from metals, metal oxides, hydroxides, and carbonates) where the metal is selected from Ca, Cu, Fe, Mg, Mn, Zn, Mo, Co, Se, and V, and where the metal:ligand molar ratio is ≥2:1, and recovering the chelate. To 83 parts H2O was added 2 parts citric acid and 13 parts glycine, followed by 2 parts Mg turnings. The mixture was set aside for 48 h, and 8 parts citric acid was added. The reaction mixture was heated to 100° and spray dried to produce a Mg diglycine chelate powder having Mg content .apprx.10%.
- L5 ANSWER 7 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- AN 1986:637299 CAPLUS
- DN 105:237299
- TI Chiral metal complexes. 21. Stereochemical analysis of ternary ruthenium(II) complexes of  $\alpha$ -diimines and glycine or N-substituted glycines, including the crystal structure of racemic bis(2,2'-bipyridine)glycinatoruthenium perchlorate dihydrate
- AU Anderson, Malcolm A.; Richards, John P. G.; Stark, Allison G.; Stephens, Frederick S.; Vagg, Robert S.; Williams, Peter A.

CODEN: INOCAJ; ISSN: 0020-1669 DT Journal English LΑ AB Photolabile rac-[RuL2(aa)]ClO4.nH2O (L = 2,2'-bipyridine (bpy) or 1,10-phenanthroline and Haa = glycine (Hgly), N-methylglycine, or N-phenylglycine) were prepared and their structures in solution analyzed by 200-MHz 1H NMR spectroscopy. The results are compared with the solid-state structure of rac-[Ru(bpy)2(qly)]ClO4.2H2O, which was determined by x-ray diffraction. This anal. is used to demonstrate the torsional effects of glycine substitution on the structure of the amino acid chelate ring, and on the nature of the diastereomeric ratios in the synthetic product mixts. Photoequilibration has allowed a quant. estimate of the discriminatory effects resulting from substitution at the N(amine) chiral centers. In the N-methylglycine chelates those diastereomers that avoid steric interaction between the CH3

group and L are selected, whereas the N-phenylglycine chelates show stereospecific coordination for the same steric reason. Both the amine and methylene protons of the coordinated amino acids exchange for deuterons at high pD. rac-[Ru(bpy)2(gly)]Cl04.2H2O, is triclinic, space group P.hivin.1, a 9.487(2), b 12.294(3), c 13.041(3) Å,  $\alpha$  111.36(2),  $\beta$  63.15(2),  $\gamma$  113.33(2), R = 0.033 and R' = 0.035 for 3752 unique reflections. The mol. structure has Ru-0 = 2.105(3) and Ru-N(amine) = 2.135(4) Å with the amino acid chelate ring adopting a flattened  $\delta$  conformation in the  $\Lambda$  enantiomer. The 4 Ru-N(bpy) bond lengths are not equivalent, the

bond trans to Ru-O being significantly shorter (2.008(4) Å) than the

L5 ANSWER 8 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

other 3 (average Ru-N = 2.046(6) Å).

Dep. Phys., Univ. Coll., Cardiff, CF1 1XL, UK

Inorganic Chemistry (1986), 25(27), 4847-51

AN 1986:542169 CAPLUS

DN 105:142169

CS

SO

TI Electrochemical production of pure amino acid chelates

IN Ashmead, Harvey H.

PA Albion Laboratories, Inc., USA

SO U.S., 6 pp. CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

PAN.CIVI I				
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI US 4599152	Α	19860708	US 1985-738065	19850524 <
EP 202936	A1	19861126	EP 1986-303886	19860522 <
EP 202936	B1	19930728		
R: AT, BE, CH,	DE, FR	, GB, IT, LI	, LU, NL, SE	
CA 1272350	A1	19900731	CA 1986-509696	19860522 <
AT 92038	${f T}$	19930815	AT 1986-303886	19860522 <
JP 62026254	Α	19870204	JP 1986-117662	19860523 <
PRAI US 1985-738065	Α	19850524		
EP 1986-303886	Α	19860522		
OS MARPAT 105:142169			•	
GI		*	•	

<sup>\*</sup> STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

AB Amino acid chelates (I, II, III, IV, V; M = bivalent metal cation and R = radical of naturally occurring amino acid) essentially free of anion radicals other than OH and anions of weak organic acids are prepared in an electrolytic cell having anode and cathode compartments divided by a

cation permselective membrane. The amino acid chelate consists of a metal ion selected from the group consisting of Fe, Zn, Mn, Mg, Cu, Ca, and their mixts. chelated to  $\geq 1$  ligands selected from the group consisting of  $\alpha$ -amino acids, protein hydrolyzates, polypeptides, and their combinations. Pure forms of amino acid chelates are desirable for administration to biol. systems to increase the bioavailability of the metal. Thus, to the anode compartment of an electrolytic cell having a cathode and anode compartment separated by a permselective membrane (Nafion) was added an aqueous 20% glycine solution The catholyte solution was 1% citric acid solution 5 V d.c. at 27 A was applied across the cell for 1 h. A blue precipitate, shown to be Cu glycine chelate containing 6% Cu and a ligand to Cu ratio of 2:1, was formed. The resulting precipitate was free of any anions.

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L5 ANSWER 9 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
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AN 1984:603226 CAPLUS

DN 101:203226

TI Chiral metal complexes. 12. Chiroptical, proton NMR and crystallographic studies of the diastereoisomers  $\Lambda$  and  $\Delta$ -[Ru(diimine)2(S-threonine)]+ and their S-allothreonine analogs

AU Goodwin, Terence J.; Williams, Peter A.; Stephens, Frederick S.; Vagg, Robert S.

CS Dep. Chem., Univ. Coll., Cardiff, CF1 1XL, UK

SO Inorganica Chimica Acta (1984), 88(2), 165-81 CODEN: ICHAA3; ISSN: 0020-1693

DT Journal

LA English

The 4 catatropic  $\Delta, \Lambda$ -[RuL2(aa)]ClO4.nH2O (I) (L = AB 2,2'-bipyridine (bpy), 1,10-phenanthroline (phen), Haa = S-threonine, S-allothreonine) were isolated and each complex resolved into its 2 diastereoisomeric forms. Each isomer is photolabile, equilibrating to a definite  $\Lambda/\Delta$  ratio on light irradiation, with the resultant equilibrium consts. reflecting chiral discrimination energies between isomeric pairs. Equilibration of these species was followed both by CD (in H2O) and 1H NMR (in D20) techniques. I (L = bpy, Haa = S-threonine) is monoclinic, space group P21 with a 10.165(2), b 28.220(6), c 10.896(3) Å,  $\beta$  104.80(2)°, Z = 4, R = 0.042. I (L = bpy, Haa = S-allothreonine) is monoclinic, space group P21 with a 10.226(4), b 27.979(4), c 10.875(2) Å,  $\beta$  104.99(2)°, Z = 4, R 0.037. A pseudo a-glide operation relates the 2  $\Delta$  and  $\Lambda$  forms in the asym. unit of each structure. The amino acid chelate rings in the 4 mol. structures have like conformations, suggesting only minor differences in steric factors within these cations. Evidently in the crystal structures of the S-allothreonine complexes, an internal H-bond may exist between the β-OH and carboxylic groups which would be unfavorable in the S-threonine complexes. This structural difference in the 2 amino acid side chains is consistent both with observed differences in the NMR spectra of the complexes, and with the different equilibration ratios obtained.

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L5 ANSWER 10 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
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AN 1984:482937 CAPLUS

DN 101:82937

TI Complexes with diastereoisomeric ligands. IV. The problem of stereoselectivity in amino acidatobis(chelate)cobalt(III) complexes. (Chelate = ethylenediamine, 1,10-phenanthroline, or 2,2'-bipyridyl)

AU Pasini, Alessandro

CS Dip. Chim. Inorg. Metallorg., Univ. Milano, Milan, I-20133, Italy

SO Gazzetta Chimica Italiana (1983), 113(11-12), 793-7 CODEN: GCITA9; ISSN: 0016-5603

DT Journal

LA English

AB [Co(en)2L]Cl2 (HL = (S)-serine, (S)-threonine, (S)-glutamic acid, (S)-valine, [Co(bpy)2L]Cl2 (bpy = 2,2'-bipyridine, HL = (S)-serine),

[Co(phen)2L]Cl2 (phen = 1,10-phenanthroline; HL = (S)-serine, (S)-valine), and  $\Lambda$ -[Co(en)2L]I2 (HL = (S)-serine) were prepared. The  $\Lambda$ : $\Delta$  ratio of these complexes was calculated from the intensity of the CD spectra. Very little or no stereoselectivity was observed. The results are discussed in terms of the amino acid chelate ring conformation.

- L5 ANSWER 11 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- AN 1980:614627 CAPLUS
- DN 93:214627
- TI Synthesis and spectral characterization of the mixed-ligand complexes [N-(2-pyridylmethyl)-L-aspartato] [amino acidato] cobalt(III), Co(PLASP) (AA)
- AU Meiske, Larry A.; Angelici, Robert J.
- CS Dep. Chem., Iowa State Univ., Ames, IA, 50011, USA
- SO Inorganic Chemistry (1980), 19(12), 3783-9
  - CODEN: INOCAJ; ISSN: 0020-1669
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AΒ A series of mixed-ligand Co(III) complexes of the form Co(PLASP)(AA), where PLASP2- is the tetradentate ligand N-(2-pyridylmethyl)-L-aspartate and AA- is a bidentate amino acidate ligand, were prepared from Co(II) and Co(III) reactants. For the amino acidate ligands glycinate,  $\alpha$ -aminoisobutyrate, L-alaninate, L-threoninate, L-prolinate, D- and L-asparaginate, D- and L-phenylalaninate, and D-, and DL-valinate, only the facial Co(III)N3O3 isomer, in which the β-CO2- group of PLASP2is coordinated trans to the pyridyl group of PLASP2-, was isolated. bidentate amino acidate is coordinated with its amino group trans to the  $\alpha$ -CO2- of PLASP2- and its  $\alpha$ -CO2- group trans to the secondary amino N atom of PLASP2-. The CD spectra of the Co(PLASP) (AA) complexes were resolved into contributions from the optically active portion of the amino acidate chelate ring and from the rest of the mol. The latter contribution is constant for all the complexes studied. 1H NMR spectra of the complexes are also examined in terms of the conformation of the amino acidate chelate ring. In addition, visible and 13C NMR spectra of the complexes are discussed.
- L5 ANSWER 12 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- AN 1980:614583 CAPLUS
- DN 93:214583
- TI Mixed chelate compounds of palladium(II) with  $\alpha$ -amino acids
- AU Vicol, Olga; Repede, S.; Lascar, V.
- CS Dep. Inorg. Anal. Chem., Polytech. Inst., Iasi, Rom.
- SO Buletinul Institutului Politehnic din Iasi, Sectia 2: Chimie si Inginerie Chimica (1980), 25(3-4), 17-21
  CODEN: BPICDV; ISSN: 0254-7104
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB The complexes PdLL' and [Pd(HL)(HL')] [PdCl4] (HL = alanine; HL' = glycine, valine) were prepared and characterized by chemical anal. and IR spectra.
- L5 ANSWER 13 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- AN 1980:454833 CAPLUS
- DN 93:54833
- TI Metal complexes of amino acids. XII. The deuteration of  $\alpha$ -hydrogen atoms in cobalt(III) complexes containing  $\alpha$ -amino carboxylates
- AU Ama, Tomoharu; Kawaguchi, Hiroshi; Kanekiyo, Makoto; Yasui, Takaji
- CS Fac. Sci., Kochi Univ., Kochi, 780, Japan
- SO Bulletin of the Chemical Society of Japan (1980), 53(4), 956-60 CODEN: BCSJA8; ISSN: 0009-2673
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB The 2nd-order rate consts. (rate = kD(base) [Complex] [OD-]) for the D exchange of  $\alpha$ -methylene or  $\alpha$ -methine protons in the amino carboxylato complexes trans(0)-, C1-cis(0)-, and C2-cis(0)-[Co(gly)2(en)]+

and -[Co(gly) 2(tn)]+, [Co(gly) (NH3) 4]2+, [Co(gly) (en) 2]2+,[Co(gly)(tn)2]2+, [Co(sar)(en)2]2+and  $\Lambda$ - and  $\Delta$ -[Co(Lala)(en)2]2+ where tn is trimethylenediamine and sar is sarcosinato, were determined by the 1H-NMR measurement. The major factors determining the deuteration rate of  $\alpha$ -H in the amino carboxylate chelate are the geometry and charge of the complex and the nature of the substituent bonded to the chelate ring to be deuterated; the minor factor is the chelate-ring size of the ligands other than amino carboxylate in a complex mol. ANSWER 14 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN 1978:518619 CAPLUS AN DN 89:118619 Formation constants of mixed ligand complexes involving ligands of TI biological importance. pH-Metric studies of aqueous solution equilibria between nickel(II)/zinc(II)/cadmium(II), histidine, and α-alanine/phenylalanine AU Malik, G. S.; Singh, S. P.; Tandon, J. P. CS Chem. Dep., Jat Vedic Coll., Baraut, India Journal fuer Praktische Chemie (Leipzig) (1978), 320(2), 324-8 SO CODEN: JPCEAO; ISSN: 0021-8383 DT Journal English LΑ AΒ Mixed chelate stability consts. were determined by pH-metric titration at ionic strength 0.1(KNO3) and 30°. The acid dissociation constant of phenylalanine is pK = 9.05. Log βML2 values determined are: phenylalanine = HL, Ni2+ 9.64, Zn2+ 8.23, Cd2+ 7.00; alanine = HL, Cd2+ 7.46. BMAL values are: Ni2+-histidine-alanine 13.47; Ni2+-histidine-Ph 12.70; Zn2+-histidine-alanine 11.21; Zn2+-histidine-phenylalanine 10.36; Cd2+-histidine-alanine 9.32; Cd2+-histidine-phenylalanine 8.52. consts. were also calculated for monohydroxy complexes MAL(OH). ANSWER 15 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN L5 1970:415201 CAPLUS AN DN 73:15201 тT Cleavage of amino acid esters and peptides with hydroxoaquo(2,2',2''triaminotriethylamine)cobalt(III) ion Kimura, Eiichi; Young, Stefan; Collman, James P. ΑIJ Dep. of Chem., Univ. of North Carolina, Chapel Hill, NC, USA Inorganic Chemistry (1970), 9(5), 1183-91 CODEN: INOCAJ; ISSN: 0020-1669 DTJournal LA English Hydroxoaquo(2,2',2''-triaminotriethylamine)cobalt(III) ion at pH 7.5 and 60° is effective in promoting the hydrolysis of amino acid esters, dipeptides, and tripeptides. The reaction is stoichiometric and specific for N-terminal amino acids as indicated by the isolation of the triaminotriethylaminecobalt(III)-amino acid chelate formed and following the appearance of the cleavage products using thin layer chromatog. => s 14 and metal carbonate 1717608 METAL 297749 CARBONATE 4084 METAL CARBONATE (METAL (W) CARBONATE)

=> s l3 and metal carbonate 1717608 METAL 297749 CARBONATE 4084 METAL CARBONATE (METAL(W)CARBONATE)

0 L4 AND METAL CARBONATE

L6

=> d 1-3 bib abs

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L7 ANSWER 1 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
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AN 2007:9304 CAPLUS

DN 146:154712

TI Production of chelate complexes of amino acids and oligopeptide

IN Zhao, Hui; Cai, Fuliu; Li, Liren

PA Beijing Huamei Tianyi Science and Technology Development Co., Ltd., Peop. Rep. China

SO Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 22pp.

CODEN: CNXXEV

DT Patent

LA Chinese

FAN.CNT 1

PATE	NT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
PI CN 18	387902	Α	20070103	CN 2006-10088997	20060728		
PRAI CN 20	006-10088997		20060728	•			

The title chelate complexes comprise the aspartic acid-oligopeptide chelate complex shown as [C8H8O6N2M·xH2O]n, or the glutamic acid-oligopeptide chelate complex shown as [C10H12O6N2M·xH2O]n, wherein M is one of Ca, Mg, Zn and other bivalent transition metal elements; n (structural unit number) = 5-7; x (water mol. number) = 0-3. chelate complexes are produced by the steps of: (1) chelating amino acid with metal oxide, metal hydroxide or metal carbonate

in aqueous solution, and (2) purifying, refining, and polycondensing at 160-260°C. The chelate complexes have the advantages of high purity, stable quality, simple process and fit cost, and are suitable for mass and industrial production. The chelate complexes can be widely used in food, drink, feed or cosmetics.

The

L7 ANSWER 2 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2006:1116323 CAPLUS

DN 145:437637

TI Method for producing monosodium glutamate

IN Peng, Qijun

PA Southern Yangtze University, Peop. Rep. China

SO Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 9pp. CODEN: CNXXEV

DT Patent

LA Chinese

FAN.CNT 1

17111	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
PI	CN 1711910	Α	20051228	CN 2005-10040864	20050701		
PRAT	CN 2005-10040864		20050701				

AB The title method comprises adding carbonate and/or oxide and/or hydroxide of bivalent or trivalent metal into grain fermentation broth during the fermentation

procedure to form glutamate solids, filtering to collect the glutamate solids, rinsing with water, adding NaCO3 and/or NaOH solution to allow double decomposition reaction to form metal carbonate and/or oxide and/or hydroxide sediments and monosodium glutamate solution, returning the sediments to the fermentation procedure, collecting monosodium glutamate

decolorizing, and crystallizing to obtain purified monosodium glutamate.

- L7 ANSWER 3 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- AN 2004:493710 CAPLUS
- DN 141:46415

solution,

- TI Method for preparation of amino acid chelate
- IN Park, Myung-Gyu; Choi, Mi Hee

MD Bioalpha Co., Ltd., S. Korea PA PCT Int. Appl., 43 pp. so CODEN: PIXXD2 DT Patent LΑ English FAN.CNT 1 APPLICATION NO. KIND DATE DATE PATENT NO. \_ \_ \_ \_ \_\_\_\_\_ -----\_\_\_\_\_ WO 2003-KR2674 PΙ WO 2004050664 A1 20040617 20031205 AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, KR 2004049294 Α 20040611 KR 2003-88214 20040623 AU 2003-302660 20031205 AU 2003302660 **A1** 20050907 EP 2003-812388 20031205 EP 1569943 **A1** AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK CN 1720249 Α 20060111 CN 2003-80105098 20031205 JP 2006509787 Т 20060323 JP 2004-556973 20031205 US 2006128799 **A1** 20060615 US 2005-537409 20051125 PRAI KR 2002-76803 20021205 Α 20031205 WO 2003-KR2674 os CASREACT 141:46415 AB The present invention provides methods for preparation of metallic amino acid chelates that are elec. neutral and free of interfering ions, by reacting a metal carbonate and an acidic amino acid in an aqueous solution, and the uses of said metallic amino acid chelates. The metallic amino acid chelates can be added to a product such as medical supplies, foods, beverages, cosmetics, feeds, etc., with maintaining the stability of the product at a variety of temperature and pH ranges and also having no effect on the properties of the product, including taste and appearance. For example, CaL2 (HL = L-glutamic acid) was prepared from seaweed Ca in H2O and L-glutamic acid (1:1-1:4 ratio) at pH 4-7 and 0-100°. THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 16:18:29 ON 05 MAR 2007)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:18:42 ON 05 MAR 2007 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

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Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

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SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 1569 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED

1569 ITERATIONS

0 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE \*\*COMPLETE\*\*

BATCH \*\*COMPLETE\*\*

PROJECTED ITERATIONS:

29004 TO 33756

PROJECTED ANSWERS:

0 TO 0

L2

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FULL SEARCH INITIATED 16:19:10 FILE 'REGISTRY'

FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 30486 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 30486 ITERATIONS

45 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

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45 SEA SSS FUL L1

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L4 23 L3

=> d 1-23 bib abs

- L4 ANSWER 1 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- AN 2005:702580 CAPLUS
- DN 144:339112
- TI Determination of stability constant of glutamate zinc by indirect determination of FAAS with ZnS
- AU Liu, Wen-han; Zhang, Dan; Li, Zu-guang; Wang, Li-li
- CS College of Chemical Engineering, Zhejiang University of Technology, Hangzhou, 310014, Peop. Rep. China
- SO Guangpuxue Yu Guangpu Fenxi (2005), 25(6), 968-970 CODEN: GYGFED; ISSN: 1000-0593
- PB Beijing Daxue Chubanshe
- DT Journal
- LA Chinese
- Based on indirect determination of glutamic acid by flame atomic absorption spectrometry with ZnS and the complexing action mechanism, the determination of stability constant of glutamate zinc was studied. Under the selected condition of pH 9.0, the stability constant of glutamate zinc is between 3.3 + 1020 and 1.4 + 1021, the average value is  $\beta W = 1.03 + 1021$ , and  $\beta W = 21.013$ .
- L4 ANSWER 2 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- AN 2003:846195 CAPLUS
- DN 140:413031
- TI pH-metric and spectrophotometric study of oxovanadium(IV) with aspartic acid, glutamic acid and imidazoles
- AU Patel, R. N.; Soni, V. K.; Sharma, S.; Shukla, K. K.; Pandeya, K. B.
- CS Department of Chemistry, A. P. S. University, Rewa, 486 003, India
- SO Oxidation Communications (2003), 26(3), 358-367 CODEN: OXCODW; ISSN: 0209-4541
- PB SciBulCom Ltd.
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB The equilibrium in the systems VO2+ + A + B (A aspartic or glutamic acid, B imidazole, 2-methylimidazole and 2-ethylimidazole) have been studied at 25° C and μ = 0.1 M NaClO4 medium by a combination of pH potentiometric and spectroscopic methods (EPR and visible absorption). The results of potentiometric and spectroscopic studies are self-consistent. The stabilities of the ternary complexes follow the order: aspartic acid ≥ glutamic acid with respect to amino acids and 2-methylimidazole .gtorsim. 2-ethylimidazole > imidazole with respect to imidazoles. These orders have been explained in terms of electronic and mol. structures.
- RE.CNT 54 THERE ARE 54 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

## ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L4 ANSWER 3 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- AN 2003:413886 CAPLUS
- DN 139:12253
- TI Prevention or treatment of hypomagnesemia in pediatric patients and in patients with G-tubes or NG-tubes .
- IN McMains, Michael B.; Geppert, Caren D.; Siegel, Missy L.
- PA USA
- SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 3 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

- DT Patent
- LA English
- FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	US 2003099723	A1	20030529	US 2001-988104	20011119
	US 6579905	B2	20030617		
PRAI	US 2001-988104		20011119		

AB A method of preventing or treating hypomagnesemia in pediatric patients and patients with G-tubes or NG-tubes comprising the step of administering a pharmaceutical composition comprised of a magnesium salt, magnesium-L-aspartate hydrochloride, in a water-soluble powder concentrate

When

dissolved in water, the pharmaceutical composition provides a method for preventing or treating hypomagnesemia in such patients without compromising the absorption or efficacy of the pharmaceutical composition

- L4 ANSWER 4 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- AN 2002:528702 CAPLUS
- DN 137:272347
- TI Homo and hetero-nuclear chromium(III) complexes with natural ligands. Part 1. Spectroscopic and mass spectra studies on ternary [M-L1-L2] systems
- AU Maciejewska, Gabriela; Cieslak-Golonka, Maria; Staszak, Zbigniew; Szelag, Adam
- CS Institute of Inorganic Chemistry and Metallurgy of Rare Elements, University of Technology, Wroclaw, 50-370, Pol.
- SO Transition Metal Chemistry (Dordrecht, Netherlands) (2002), 27(5), 473-480 CODEN: TMCHDN; ISSN: 0340-4285
- PB Kluwer Academic Publishers
- DT Journal
- LA English
- OS CASREACT 137:272347
- AB Seven new ternary mono- and polynuclear Cr(III) complexes with natural ligands: glycine, glutaminic, nicotinic and asparginic acids, cysteine and glutathione, were isolated and physicochem. characterized. Four of them were tested and are nontoxic. The complexes were analyzed using spectroscopic (diffuse reflectance UV-visible, IR, FIR), magnetic methods, and (some) by FAB mass spectra. Spectral analyses with the digital filter and band deconvolution methods were also presented.
- RE.CNT 45 THERE ARE 45 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
- L4 ANSWER 5 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- AN 1999:734705 CAPLUS
- DN 132:101926
- Preparation and characterization of mixed ligand complexes M(ASP) (L).H2O. M = Hg(II) and Pb(II), ASP = DL-Aspartic acid, <math>L = 2,2'-bipyridil and 1,10-phenanthroline
- AU Ehsan, M. Q.
- CS Department of Chemistry, University of Dhaka, Dhaka, 1000, Bangladesh
- SO Dhaka University Journal of Science (1999), 47(2), 263-265 CODEN: DJOSEM; ISSN: 1022-2502
- PB Dhaka University Journal of Science

- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB Hg and Pb complexes of DL-aspartic acid with 2,2'-bipyridine and 1,10-phenanthroline have been prepared
- RE.CNT 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
- L4 ANSWER 6 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- AN 1999:631582 CAPLUS
- DN 132:227292
- TI Spectroscopic and thermal behavior of complex compounds useful for magnesium supplementation
- AU Wagner, Claudia C.; Ferrer, Evelina G.; Baran, Enrique J.
- CS Centro de Quimica Inorganica (CEQUINOR), Facultad de Ciencias Exactas, Universidad Nacional de La Plata, La Plata, 1900, Argent.
- SO Acta Farmaceutica Bonaerense (1999), 18(1), 5-12 CODEN: AFBODJ; ISSN: 0326-2383
- PB Colegio de Farmaceuticos de la Provincia de Buenos Aires
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB Synthesis of 3 Mg(II) complexes potentially useful for Mg supplementation in human and veterinary medicine is reported: Mg chloroaspartate, Mg(C4H6O4N)Cl.3H2O; Mg citrate, [Mg(H2O)6][MgC6H5O7(H2O)]2.5H2O, and Mg orotate, [Mg(C5H3O4N2)2].8H2O. These compds. were characterized by IR and Raman spectroscopy and their thermal behavior was investigated by thermogravimetric measurements and DTA, working in an O2 atmospheric
- RE.CNT 28 THERE ARE 28 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
- L4 ANSWER 7 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- AN 1995:935784 CAPLUS
- DN 124:21636
- TI Effect of magnesium aspartate hydrochloride on transportation and slaughtering stress in pigs
- AU Ehrenberg, A.; Helbig, J.
- CS Research Department, Verla Pharm, Tutzing, Germany
- Magnesium 1993, [Symposium der Gesellschaft fuer Magnesiumforschung], 15th, Giessen, Sept. 21-23, 1992 (1993), Meeting Date 1992, 385-91. Editor(s): Golf, Sighart; Dralle, Dagmar; Vecchiet, Leonardo. Publisher: Libbey, London, UK. CODEN: 61ZMA6
- DT Conference
- LA English
- The authors examined whether the metabolic effects in pigs induced by transportation and slaughtering stress could be improved with different doses of magnesium aspartate hydrochloride (MAH) fed over different periods (40 mg magnesium/kg b.w. for 5 days and 5 mg magnesium/kg b.w. for 17 wk) and if the meat quality of pork could be improved. The prolonged administration of low-dose MAH (5 mg of magnesium per kg b.w. throughout the fattening period) was found to reduce the metabolic disorders that are typical features of porcine stress syndrome (PSS): significantly reduced activities (U/l) between controls and the 5 mg magnesium group were found in  $\alpha\text{-HBDH}$  (509.93-367.47), GLDH (2.29-3.69) and CK
- (10,869.43-4028.93); the activity of LDH (u/1) were diminished in tendency. The magnesium concentration in the blood of slaughtered pigs increased

after high magnesium administration (1.10-1.14) and was significantly higher than in controls or the high magnesium group. The blood magnesium level in the 5 mg magnesium group was significantly lower than in controls and the 40 mg magnesium group. The improved meat quality was demonstrated by significantly higher pH value (5.83-5.92), tendentiously higher water-binding power (0.39-4.48) and lower conductivity (9.47-6.82). The structure of the mitochondria were better than in the controls. However, the short-term high-dose treatment with MAH had little effect on metabolic

changes induced by severe stress and on meat quality. The data indicate that long-term low-dose MAH administration can prevent stress-induced metabolism disorders and can improve the meat quality in pigs.

- L4 ANSWER 8 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- AN 1994:644203 CAPLUS
- DN 121:244203 ·
- TI Diaminoplatinum(II) complexes of glutamic acid: obvious chelating isomerization
- AU Lee, Young-A; Hong, Jongki; Jung, Ok-Sang; Sohn, Youn Soo
- CS Inorg. Chem. Lab., Korea Inst. Sci. Technol., Seoul, 136-791, S. Korea
- SO Bulletin of the Korean Chemical Society (1994), 15(8), 669-73 CODEN: BKCSDE; ISSN: 0253-2964
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB Coordination isomers of cis-(N-N)Pt(Glu) prepared by reaction of cis-(N-N)Pt(SO4) (N-N = 2NH3, ethylenediamine (en), (R,R)-1,2-diaminocyclohexane (DACH), N,N,N',N'-tetramethylethylenediamine (TMEDA)) with Ba glutamate in H2O were monitored and characterized by 1H-NMR, 13C-NMR, IR, and mass spectra. The reaction at room temperature affords the mixture of 0,0'- and N, $\alpha$ O-chelated Pt(II) complexes. 0,0'-chelate initially formed isomerized to N, $\alpha$ O-chelate on standing for a long time or at increasing temperature. The ratio of the two isomers at room temperature

depends on the nature of N donor coligand (N-N).

- L4 ANSWER 9 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- AN 1994:586971 CAPLUS
- DN 121:186971
- TI Magnesium L-aspartates and magnesium L-aspartate hydrochloride: their constitution in the crystal and in solution
- AU Schmidbaur, H.
- CS Anorganisch-Chemisches Institut, Technische Universitaet Muenchen, Garching, D-8046, Germany
- SO Health Dis. [Proc. Int. Symp. Magnesium Trace Elem.] (1993), Meeting Date 1991, 50-8. Editor(s): Nath, R.; Gill, K. D. Publisher: Ashish Publ. House, New Delhi, India. CODEN: 60ILAF
- DT Conference
- LA English
- AB Dissociation equilibrium of aspartic acid in aqueous solution, metal ion complexation by

aspartate ligands in aqueous solution, approaches to structure elucidation of species in solution and matrixes, structure of crystalline materials, Mg di(H aspartate) hydrates, and Mg chloride L-hydrogen aspartate trihydrate are discussed.

- L4 ANSWER 10 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- AN 1994:563837 CAPLUS
- DN 121:163837
- TI The structure of the pharmacologically active magnesium-L-hydrogenaspartate chloride trihydrate
- AU Schmidbaur, H.; Wilkinson, D. L.; Schier, A.; Helbig, J.; Manniger, G.
- CS Anorg.-Chem. Inst., Tech. Univ. Muenchen, Garching, 85747, Germany
- SO New Journal of Chemistry (1994), 18(4), 507-10 CODEN: NJCHE5; ISSN: 1144-0546
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB Single crystals of the therapeutically most efficient magnesium drug with the composition Mg(L-AspH) Cl + 3H2O have been obtained upon slow evaporation of the solvent from concentrated aqueous solns. of the amorphous spray-dried material. Through determination of the structure of this compound it has been estimated

that Mg(L-AspH) Cl + 3H2O is a discrete, individual phase with two

crystallog. very similar complex units. The structure features poly-cationic layers of the composition [Mg(L-AspH) (H2O)2+]n and intercalated H2O mols. and Cl- ions. In the complex units the magnesium atoms are in an octahedral environment, with bidentate anions L-AspH- (attached through their  $\alpha$ - and  $\beta$ -carboxylate groups), two trans-hydrate water mols., and two carbonyl oxygen atoms from neighboring complex units occupying the vertices. The (protonated) amino function has no metal contact but is part of the hydrogen bonding network of the crystal.

- L4 ANSWER 11 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- AN 1992:462281 CAPLUS
- DN 117:62281
- TI The effect of some new platinum (II) and palladium (II) coordination complexes on rat hepatic nuclear transcription in vitro
- AU Mital, R.; Shah, G. M.; Srivastava, T. S.; Bhattacharya, R. K.
- CS Dep. Chem., Indian Inst. Technol., Bombay, 400 076, India
- SO Life Sciences (1992), 50(11), 781-90 CODEN: LIFSAK; ISSN: 0024-3205
- DT Journal
- LA English
- Several new L-amino acid derivs. of 2,2'-bipyridine and AB 1,10-phenanthroline complexes of platinum (Pt) and palladium (Pd) and a few binuclear 2,2'-bipyridine complexes of these metals were tested for their potential to inhibit rat hepatic nuclear transcription in vitro. Pd complexes were generally more effective inhibitors of transcription than the corresponding Pt complexes. Among Pd-diimine chlorides, the 2,2'-bipyridine complex was nearly 10 times more active than the corresponding 1,10-phenanthroline complex. Both Pt-diimine chlorides, however, showed same level of inhibitory activity. Amino acid derivs. were less inhibitory with respect to the parent metal diimine chlorides except for 1,10-phenanthroline complexes of Pd. For binuclear 2,2'-bipyridine complexes of Pt, the increase in length of linking hydrocarcon chain increased the inhibitory potential of the complex. mechanism of inhibition of transcription by these metal complexes examined by using actinomycin-D and poly[d(I-C)] to differentiate effect on the two major components of transcription machinery viz. the template and the enzyme. These studies along with studies on the reconstituted system of transcription using either pretreated template or enzyme indicate that these metal complexes displayed dual effects on transcription by inhibiting both the template and the enzymes.
- L4 ANSWER 12 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- AN 1991:464745 CAPLUS
- DN 115:64745
- TI Preparation of organoplatinum antileukemia drugs
- IN Talebian, Abdolhossen; Green, Dianna C.; Schein, Philip S.
- PA Georgetown University, USA
- SO PCT Int. Appl., 52 pp.
- CODEN: PIXXD2
- DT Patent
- LA English
- FAN.CNT 3

	PAT	CENT 1	NO.			KINI	)	DATE		AP	PLICA'	rion :	NO.		DATE	
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		RW:	ΑT,	ΒE,	CH,	DE,	DK.	, ES,	FR,	GB, I	T, LU	, NL,	SE			
	US	4946	954			Α		1990	0807	US	1989	-3017	73		1989012	26
	AU	9050	394			A		1990	0813	AU	1990	-5039	4		1990011	17
	ZA	9000	336			Α		1990	1031	ZA	1990	-336			1990011	17
	ΕP	4629	80			<b>A1</b>		1992	0102	EP	1990	-9029	30		1990013	17
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	NO 9102732	A	19910711	NO 1991-2732	19910711
	NO 180588	В	19970203		
	NO 180588	С	19970514		
PRAI	US 1989-297368	Α	19890117		
	US 1989-301773	Α	19890126		
	US 1987-74825	B2	19870717		
	US 1988-143761	A2	19880114		
	WO 1990-US171	A	19900117	·	
os	MARPAT 115:64745				
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$$\begin{array}{c} O \\ (CH_2)_n - C - O \\ O \\ RCNR^1CH - C - O \\ O \\ O \end{array}$$

Due to the dicarboxylate-imparted mol. structure the chelated platinum (II) complex amine salts I and II are more water-soluble, and less damaging to kidney and bone marrow. I and II (n = 0 or 1; when n = 1, R1 = H or C1-4 alkyl, R = alkyl, mono- or disaccharide; when n = 0, R1 = H, C1-4 alkyl, R = H, halo, alkyl, etc.; R2, R3 = H, C1-4 alkyl; R2R3 = fused or bicycle, or alkylene in 4-8 member ring when R ≠ R1 = H and n = 0; m = 1, 2; R4 = mono- or disaccharide; R5, R6 = H, C1-4 alkyl; CR5R6 = 5- or 6-member ring) are prepared as antileukemia drugs. Pentaacetylgluconyl chloride was reacted with iminomalonic acid in N,N-diisopropylethylamine/CH3CN to give the iminomalonic acid intermediate, which was treated with Ba(OH)2.8H2O and then added to cis-(R,R)-sulfato(cyclohexane-1,2-diamine-N,N')platinum(II) in an aqueous solution to

the iminomalonic acid-chelated Pt-complex cyclohexanediamine salt. A dosage form suitable for i.v. administration was 130 mg active ingredient/m2 body surface of patient in an isotonic solution and in vivo tests on mice-carried P388 leukemia cells were conducted.

L4 ANSWER 13 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

Ι

II

AN 1991:440792 CAPLUS

DN 115:40792

TI Platinum pharmaceutical agents

IN Talebian, Abdolhossen; Green, Dianna C.; Schein, Philip S.

PA Georgetown University, USA

SO U.S., 16 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 297,368.
CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 3

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	US 4946954	A	19900807	US 1989-301773	19890126
	US 4895936	Α	19900123	US 1988-143761	19880114

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    WO 9008157
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        RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, IT, LU, NL, SE
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    EP 462980
                                            EP 1990-902930
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    NO 180588
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    US 1989-297368
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                                19890126
    US 1989-301773
                                19900117
    WO 1990-US171
    MARPAT 115:40792
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$$\begin{array}{c|c}
(CH_2)_n - CO_2 & NH_2R^2 \\
O & Pt \\
R - C - N - CH - CO_2 & NH_2R^3
\end{array}$$

AB Pt compds. useful in the treatment of cancer are disclosed. Compns. containing these compds. and methods of using the same are also discussed, with antitumor testing data. Compds. having the formula I, where n is 0 or 1 and when n is 1, R1 is H or C1-4 alkyl, R is nonsubstituted higher alkyl or mono or disaccharide or a derivative of a mono or disaccharide, when n is 0, R1 is H or C1-alkyl, R is H, halogen, nonsubstituted C1-20 alkyl, aryl, arlalkyloxy, mono or disaccharide, or a derivative of a mono or disaccharide, and R2 and R3 are selected from H, C1-4 alkyl or R2 and R3 or R2 and R3 together are linked to adjacent C atoms on a 4-, 5-, or 6-membered ring structure, or R2 and R3 together form a fused or bicyclic ring with adjacent C atoms, or R2 and R3 together are a substituted or unsubstituted C1-5 alkylene group; with the proviso that R and R1 cannot both be H when n = 0, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, are particularly useful.

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L4 ANSWER 14 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
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Ι

AN 1990:90426 CAPLUS

DN 112:90426

TI Preparation of platinum compounds for the treatment of cancer

IN Talebian, Abdolhossen; Green, Diana C.; Hammer, Charles F.; Schein, Philip S.

PA Georgetown University, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 48 pp.

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LA English

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ΡI	WO 8900574		A1	19890	126	WO	1988-	<b>US235</b>	3	19880718				
		W:	ΑU,	JP										
		RW:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	FR, GB,	IT,	LU, NI	SE, SE				
	US	4895	936			Α	1990	123	US	1988-	14376	1	19880114	
	US	4895	935			Α	19900	123	US	1988-	14376	<b>2</b> .	19880114	
	ΑU	8821	230			Α	19890	213	AU	1988-	21230		19880718	
	AU	6159	37			B2	1991	1017						
	EP	3769	59			<b>A</b> 1	1990	711	EP	1988-	90655	0	19880718	
	EP	3769	59			B1	1993	324						
		R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	FR, GB,	IT,	LI, LU	J, NL,	SE			
	JP	0350	0532			T	1991	207	JP	1988-	50629	1	19880718	
	JP	2749	092			B2	1998	0513						
	ΑT	8731	4			T	1993	0415		1988-			19880718	
	CA	1330	793			С	1994	719	CA	1988-	57228	0	19880718	
PRAI	US	1987	-748	25		Α	1987	717						
	US	1988	-143	761		Α	1988	0114						
	US	1988	-143	762		Α	1988	0114						
	EΡ	1988	-906	550		Α	1988	718						
	WO	1988	-US2	353		Α	1988	718						
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R<sup>1</sup>NHC

AB Pt compds. (I-III; n = 1, 2; R1 = mono- or disaccharide or derivative thereof; R2, R3 = C1-4 alkyl or R2 and R3 together being linked to adjacent C's on a 5- or 6-membered ring) and (IV; n = 0, 1; R1 = H, mono- or disaccharide or derivative thereof linked to the N by NHCO, NHCS, CO; R2, R3 = H, C1-4 alkyl; or R2 and R3 together being linked to adjacent C's on a 4-, 5- or 6-membered ring or R2R3 forming a fused or bicyclic ring with adjacent C's; R4 = H, C1-4 alkyl; provided that R1 and R4 cannot both be H when n = 0) useful as anticancer agents, are prepared Reaction of 3,4,6-tri-O-acetyl-2-acetamido-2-deoxyglucopyranosyl isothiocyanate with aspartic acid in aqueous MeCN containing (iso-Pr)2NEt gave 2-[[(3,4,6-tri-O-acetyl)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-α-D-glucopyranosyl)amino]thiocarbonyl]am

ino]butanedioic acid. An aqueous solution of Ba salt of the latter and cis-sulfato-1,2-cyclohexanediamine-Pt(II) (preparation given) was agitated 2 h in N in the dark to give (S)-IV [R1 = [(3,4,6-tri-O-acetyl-2-acetamido-2-deoxy- $\alpha$ -D-glucopyranosyl)amino]thiocarbonyl, R2R3 = 1,2-cyclohexylidene, R4 = H] (V). V at 400 mg/kg showed 76% increased life span (ILS) of mice implanted i.p. with 1 + 106 P388 leukemia cells vs. 96% ILS for cisplatin at 10 mg/kg.

- L4 ANSWER 15 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- AN 1989:490377 CAPLUS
- DN 111:90377
- TI Effects of pH and anion substitution on magnesium accumulation in rabbit aortic smooth muscle
- AU Shetty, Suraj S.; Weiss, George B.
- CS Res. Dep., Ciba-Geigy Corp., Summit, NJ, USA
- SO Blood Vessels (1989), 26(2), 65-76 CODEN: BLVSAB; ISSN: 0303-6847
- DT Journal
- LA English
- The effects of anion substitution, pH, and extracellular Mg2+ concentration on 28Mg accumulation were examined in rabbit aortic smooth muscle.

  Accumulation of 28Mg (expressed as a 28Mg/Mg2+ ratio) was not changed when the concentration of added, nonradioactive MgCl2 was increased from 1.5 to 15.0 mM. The 28Mg efflux rate was increased by added MgCl2 (0.15, 0.5, or 1.5 mM) in a concentration-related manner after a similar delay of 5-10 min.

## Addition

of 1.5 mM MgCl2, MgSO4, or Mg aspartate HCl enhanced 28Mg efflux and inhibited accumulation of 28Mg to the same extent. An increase or decrease in extracellular pH correspondingly increased or decreased 28Mg accumulation. However, the 28Mg efflux rate was not altered when extracellular pH was decreased. Efflux of 28Mg was increased by added 1.5 mM MgCl2 at pH 7.4 but not at pH 5.8. Thus, the net uptake of Mg2+ appears to be proportional to the concentration of extracellular Mg2+ in rabbit aorta. Low external pH decreases 28Mg retention in rabbit aorta by inhibiting the uptake of 28Mg rather than by increasing 28Mg efflux. Effects of added Mg2+ on transmembrane movements of 28Mg are not altered by changes in the associated anion. Extracellular Mg2+ appears to enter the cell and exchange with an intracellularly located pool of 28Mg in the same manner, regardless of whether the accompanying anion is SO42-, Cl-, or monoaspartate-HCl.

- L4 ANSWER 16 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- AN 1988:300 CAPLUS
- DN 108:300
- TI Synthesis, spectroscopic, mutagenic, and cytotoxicity studies of some mixed-ligand platinum(II) complexes of 2,2'-bipyridine and amino acids
- AU Jain, Nidhi; Mital, Renu; Ray, K. Sen; Srivastava, T. S.; Bhattacharya, R. K.
- CS Dep. Chem., IIT, Bombay, 400 076, India
- SO Journal of Inorganic Biochemistry (1987), 31(1), 57-64 CODEN: JIBIDJ; ISSN: 0162-0134
- DT Journal
- LA English
- Seven platinum(II) complexes of the type [Pt(bipyridine) (AA)]n+ (where n = 1 or 0 and AA is the anion of L-valine, L-isoleucine, L-aspartic acid (dianion), L-glutamic acid (dianion), L-glutamine, L-proline, or S-methyl-L-cysteine) were prepared and characterized. The modes of binding of amino acids in these complexes were ascertained by IR and 1H-NMR spectral studies. The L-glutamine complex inhibited in vitro P-388 leukemia cell growth by 50% at a concentration (IC50) of >20-100 μg/mL. The IC50 values for the other amino acid complexes were >100 μg complex/mL. The above complexes were inferior at inhibiting growth of P-388 cells to platinum(II) complexes of 2,2'-bipyridine with L-alanine, L-leucine, L-methionine, and L-asparagine, as reported earlier. The platinum(II)

complexes of 2,2'-bipyridine with glycine, L-alanine, L-leucine, L-valine, L-methionine, L-phenylalanine, L-serine, L-tyrosine, and L-tryptophan were nonmutagenic on TA 100 and TA 98 bacterial strains. This is in contrast to cisplatin, which causes base pair substitution mutagenesis.

- L4 ANSWER 17 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- AN 1986:637349 CAPLUS
- DN 105:237349
- TI Structure elucidation of the pharmacologically active magnesium L-aspartate complexes
- AU Schmidbaur, Hubert; Mueller, Gerhard; Riede, Juergen; Manninger, Gebhard; Helbig, Joachim
- CS Anorg.-Chem. Inst., Tech. Univ. Muenchen, Garching, D-8046, Fed. Rep. Ger.
- SO Angewandte Chemie (1986), 98(11), 1014-16 CODEN: ANCEAD; ISSN: 0044-8249
- DT Journal
- LA German
- AB Aqueous Mg(HL)2.4H2O (I; H2L = L-aspartic acid) was treated with OH- to give MgL(H2O)3 (II) which on neutralization by HCl gave Mg(HL)Cl(H2O)3 (III). II was also obtained from I and aqueous MgCl2. II is orthorhombic, space group P212121, with a 6.140(1), b 9.430(1), c 15.015(1) Å, d.(calculated) = 1.560 g cm-3, Z = 4, Rw = 0.041, R = 0.027 for 1849 reflections with I ≥ 2.0σ(I). II is octahedral with tridentate L2-. III is also octahedral but with HL- being bidentate, coordinating through the carboxylate O atoms.
- L4 ANSWER 18 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- AN 1986:583241 CAPLUS
- DN 105:183241
- TI Magnesium aspartate hydrochloride
- AU Weiss, George B.; Traina, Vincent M.; Douglas, Frank L.
- CS Pharm. Div., Ciba-Geigy Corp., Summit, NJ, 07901, USA
- SO New Cardiovascular Drugs (1986) 243-57 CODEN: NCDREP; ISSN: 0891-3692
- DT Journal: General Review
- LA English
- AB A review with 55 refs. on the cardiovascular pharmacol. of Mg2+ and the pharmacol., pharmacokinetics and therapeutic activity of Mg aspartate-HCl (MAH) [91198-22-0]. The therapeutic applications of an orally effective Mg2+ salt such as MAH include frank hypomagnesemic states and as an orally effective Ca2+-like membrane stabilizer and a physiol. cellular Ca2+ antagonist.
- L4 ANSWER 19 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- AN 1984:416836 CAPLUS
- DN 101:16836
- TI Studies on magnesium. 1. Its pharmacological effects
- AU Kaemmerer, K.; Kietzmann, M.
- CS Inst. Pharmakol., Hannover, D-3000/71, Fed. Rep. Ger.
- SO Zentralblatt fuer Veterinaermedizin, Reihe A (1984), 31(4), 251-68 CODEN: ZVRAAX; ISSN: 0300-8711
- DT Journal
- LA German
- AB The pharmacol. activity of Mg2+ either as Mg aspartate, MgC12, or MgS203 administered orally or i.p. was compared in various expts. MgC12 and Mg aspartate administered i.p. decreased the motility in mice, the effect was more pronounced with the latter. I.p. administered Mg prepns. increased Nembutal narcosis in mice, whereas orally administered Mg prepns. had no such effect. I.p. administered MgC12 or Mg aspartate lowered normal body temperature and decreased fever induced by i.p. injected bacterial lipopolysaccharide. MgC12 (i.p.) administered simultaneously with Neguvon (i.p.) decreased the lethal effects of Neguvon, however this was not observed with Mg aspartate. The activities of disaccharidases and leucinarylamidase in rat intestine homogenate were altered as a result of

Mg feedings when compared to controls. Protein synthesis in liver was increased in rats fed Mg aspartate, but not in rats fed MgCl2 or MgS2O3.

- L4 ANSWER 20 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- AN 1980:484046 CAPLUS
- DN 93:84046
- TI Circularly polarized luminescence studies of the ternary complexes formed between terbium(III), pyridine-2,6-dicarboxylic acid, and amino acids
- AU Brittain, Harry G.
- CS Dep. Chem., Seton Hall Univ., South Orange, NJ, 07079, USA
- SO Journal of the American Chemical Society (1980), 102(11), 3693-8 CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863
- DT Journal
- LA English
- Ternary complexes formed between pyridine-2,6-dicarboxylic acid (DPA), Tb(III), and various amino acids (AA) were prepared and studied by circularly polarized luminescence (CPL) spectroscopy. The CPL spectra are reliable reporters of the bonding changes undergone by the complexes as both complex structure and solution pH were varied. Weak unipos. CPL was observed in the Tb(DPA)2(AA) system when the amino acid coordinated in a unidentate manner, while doublet-signed CPL of comparable magnitude was observed if the amino acid was able to coordinate in a bidentate manner. If the pH was raised to 8-10, a precipitate of Tb(DPA) formed and left Tb(DPA)3(AA)

in solution For most amino acids, double-signed CPL was observed in this pH region, the sign pattern being opposite to that seen at low pH for the bidentate amino acid chelation. This new optical activity is due to closure of a -NH2CHCOO-chelate ring after deprotonation of the amino acid ammonium group.

- L4 ANSWER 21 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- AN 1972:104685 CAPLUS
- DN 76:104685
- TI Thermodynamics of complex formation of indium metal ion with mercapto, hydroxy, and amino-substituted succinic acid
- AU Sarin, R.; Munshi, K. N.
- CS Chem. Lab., Univ. Nagpur, Nagpur, India
- SO Journal of Inorganic and Nuclear Chemistry (1972), 34(2), 581-90 CODEN: JINCAO; ISSN: 0022-1902
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB Potentiometric studies on the free ligands and the metal complexes of In(III) with thiomalic, malic, and aspartic acid gave stepwise protonation consts. of the ligands and the formation consts. of the complexes. Thermodynamic formation consts. were obtained by extrapolation of the values at various ionic concns. The values of overall changes in  $\Delta G^{\circ}$ ,  $\Delta H^{\circ}$ , and  $\Delta S^{\circ}$  accompanying the reactions were determined at 35°. The trend in the stability constant values of In(III) complexes is thiomalic > malic > aspartic.
- L4 . ANSWER 22 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- AN 1971:470860 CAPLUS
- DN 75:70860
- TI Optically active coordination compounds. XXII. Stereoselectivity in isomers of the (L-glutamate) bisethylenediaminecobalt(III) ion
- AU Gillard, R. D.; Maskill, R.; Pasini, A.
- CS Chem. Lab., Univ. Kent, Canterburg, UK
- SO Journal of the Chemical Society [Section] A: Inorganic, Physical, Theoretical (1971), (13), 2268-70 CODEN: JCSIAP; ISSN: 0022-4944
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB The formation and properties of the D- and L-diastereoisomer of formula [Co(en)2(L-glut]+ (L-glutH2 is L-glutamic acid), where L-glut is chelated

to Co as an  $\alpha$ -amino-acidate, have been studied. Of the many possible diastereoisomers only 4 are formed, and the stereoselectivity is kinetic in origin.

- L4 ANSWER 23 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- AN 1971:411103 CAPLUS
- DN 75:11103
- TI Thermodynamics and stability constants of uranium-aspartic acid complex
- AU Trivedi, C. P.; Mathur, P. N.; Sunar, O. P.
- CS Dep. Chem., Univ. Jodhpur, Jodhpur, India
- SO Journal of the Indian Chemical Society (1971), 48(3), 270-2 CODEN: JICSAH; ISSN: 0019-4522
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB U(VI) complexes of aspartic acid as a ligand have been studied potentiometrically in aqueous media. Presence of one complex has been established. The stability constant of the complex formed was computed at 3 different temps. Log K1 values were 8.34, 8.93, and 10.40 at 30, 40, and 50°, resp. The values of ΔG, ΔH, and ΔS calculated at 30° are -11.53 kcal/mole, -25.966 kcal/mole, and -47.67 cal/degree mole, resp.